§ 264b.6

- (c) Other gifts. (1) Board employees may typically regard the refusal of gifts of more than minimal value at the inception (when offered or received without a prior offer) as consistent with the interests and general policy of the United States.
- (2) Board employees may accept gifts of more than minimal value when it appears that refusal would likely cause offense or embarrassment or otherwise adversely affect the foreign relations of the United States. Tangible gifts are considered to have been accepted on behalf of the United States and become the property of the United States on acceptance. Accordingly, they must be deposited and documented in accordance with §264b.6(a) and can only be returned or otherwise processed by the Office of the Secretary under §264b.8.

§ 264b.6 Requirements for gifts of more than minimal value.

- (a) Tangible gifts. Board employees must deposit tangible gifts of more than minimal value with the Office of the Secretary within 60 days of acceptance and assist in preparing a statement that contains the following information for each gift:
- (1) The name and position of the Board employee;
- (2) A brief description of the gift and the circumstances justifying acceptance;
- (3) The identity, if known, of the foreign government and the name and position of the individual who presented the gift;
- (4) The date of acceptance of the gift; (5) The estimated value in the United States of the gift at the time of acceptance; and
- (6) The disposition or current location of the gift.
- (b) Travel or travel expenses without prior approval. Board employees who accept a gift of travel or expenses for travel under §264b.5(b)(2) without the prior approval of the Administrative Governor must submit a report to the Office of the Secretary within 30 days of acceptance that contains the following information:
- (1) The name and position of the Board employee;
- (2) A brief description of the gift, including its estimated value, and the

circumstances justifying acceptance; and

(3) The identity, if known, of the foreign government and the name and position of the individual who presented the gift.

(c) Reports to the Secretary of State. The Office of the Secretary must report the information contained in the statements described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section to the Secretary of State, who must publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER not later than January 31 of each year a comprehensive listing of all such statements for gifts of more than minimal value that were received by federal employees during the preceding year.

§ 264b.7 Decorations.

- (a) Board employees may accept, retain, and wear a decoration tendered or awarded by a foreign government in recognition of active field service in time of combat operations or for other outstanding or unusually meritorious performance, subject to the approval of the Administrative Governor. Requests for approval must be submitted to the Office of the Secretary and contain a statement of the circumstances surrounding the award and include any accompanying documentation. The recipient may retain the decoration pending action on the request.
- (b) Decorations accepted by Board employees without the approval of the Administrative Governor are considered to have been accepted on behalf of the United States and must be deposited within 60 days of the decoration's acceptance with the Office of the Secretary for disposition or retention under §264b.8.

§ 264b.8 Disposition or retention of gifts and decorations deposited with the Office of the Secretary.

- (a) The Office of the Secretary may dispose of gifts and decorations deposited under §§ 264b.6(a) and 264b.7(b) by returning them to the donors or by handling them in accordance with instructions from the General Services Administration under applicable law.
- (b) The Office of the Secretary may approve and retain gifts and decorations deposited under §§ 264b.6(a) and 264b.7(b) for official use. The Office of